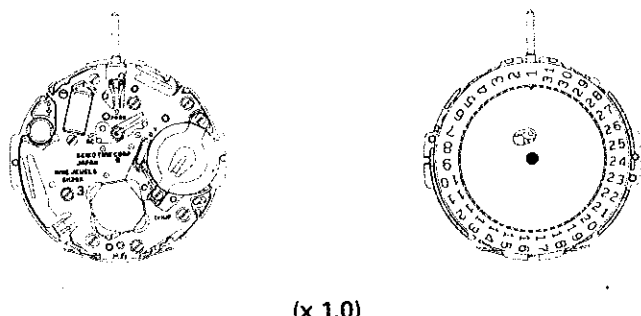


PARTS CATALOGUE / TECHNICAL GUIDE

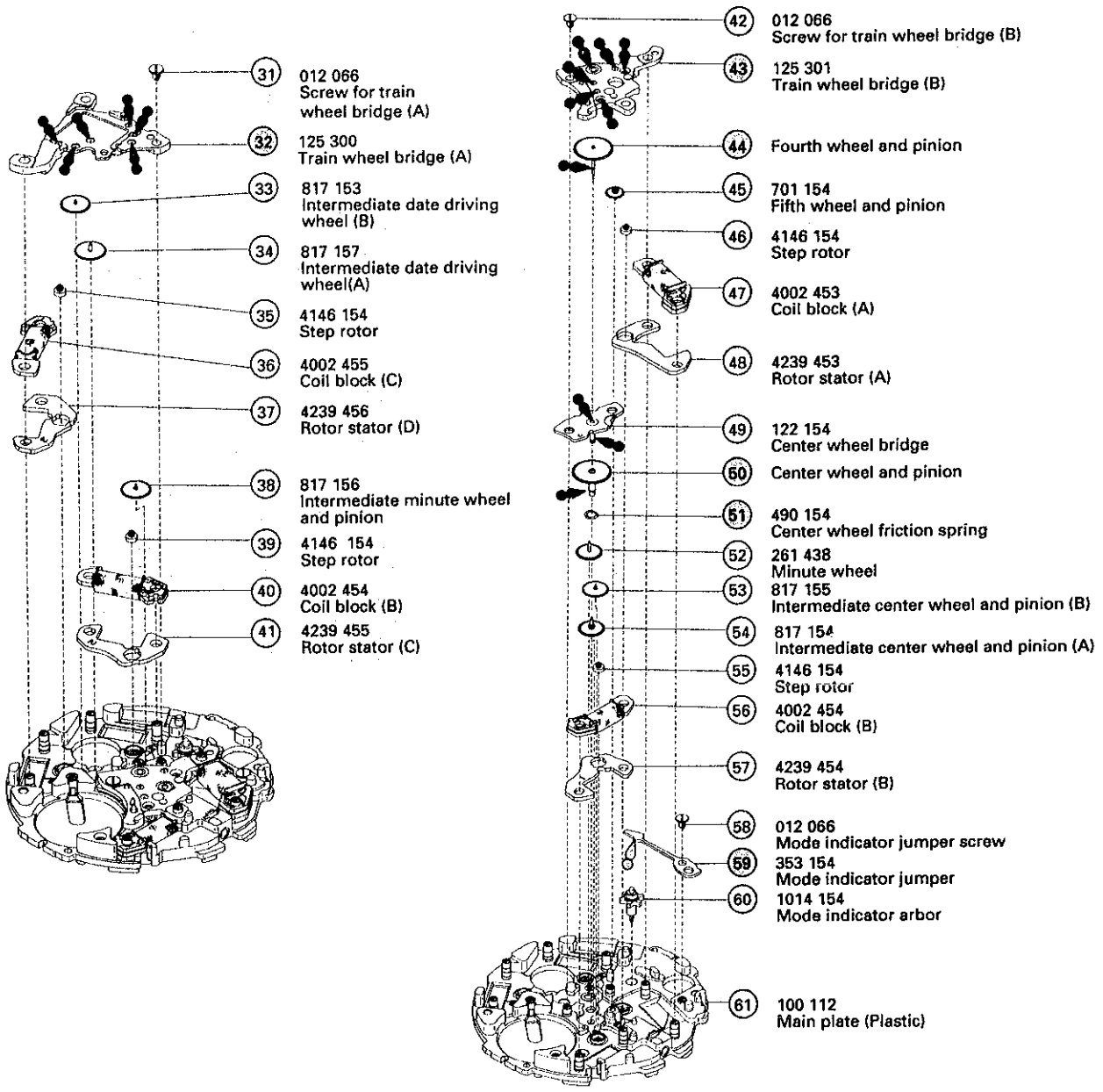
Cal. 6M26A

[SPECIFICATIONS]

Item		Cal. No.	6M26A
Movement			 <p>(x 1.0)</p>
Movement size	Outside diameter		28.5 mm between 6 o'clock and 12 o'clock sides ø27.0 mm between 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock sides
	Casing diameter		ø26.4 mm
	Height		3.7 mm (3.9 mm including the battery portion)
Time indication			3 hands and mode indicator wheel
Driving system			Step motor (4 pcs.)
Additional mechanism			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm function (12-hour indication system) • Countdown timer (Up to 60 minutes) • Stopwatch function (Up to 60 minutes in 1/10 seconds) • Month and date (Automatic calendar) • Hands 0-reset adjustment function • Alarm test system • Demonstration movement of the hands • Confirmation sound for timer and stopwatch operations • Electronic circuit reset switch • Battery life indicator
Loss/gain			Monthly rate at normal temperature range: less than 15 seconds
Regulation system			Nil
Measuring gate by quartz tester			Use 10-second gate (in "CHRONO. Ø" mode).
Battery			SEIKO SR927W, Maxell SR927W, SONY SR927W, EVEREADY 399 Battery life is approximately 2 years. Voltage: 1.55V
Jewels			9 jewels

PARTS CATALOGUE

Cal. 6M26A



	<p>012 066</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screw for mode indicator wheel jumper (1 pc.) • Date dial guard screw (2 pcs.) • Switch spring screw (5 pcs.) • Coil block screw (3 pcs.) • Screw for train wheel bridge (A) (1 pc.) • Screw for train wheel bridge (B) (1 pc.) • Mode indicator jumper screw (1 pc.)
	<p>012 039</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Battery clamp screw (2 pcs.)

☉ ➡ Please see the remarks on the following pages.

PARTS CATALOGUE

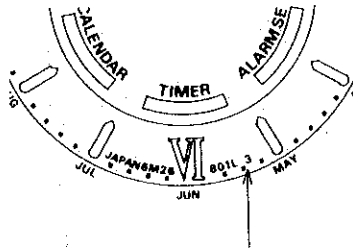
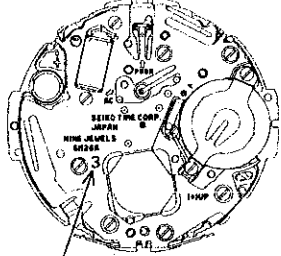
Cal. 6M26A

Remarks:

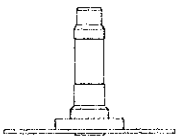
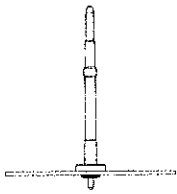

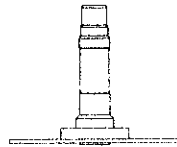
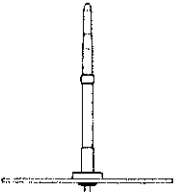

- ①① Hour wheel
- ④④ Fourth wheel and pinion
- ⑤⑤ Center wheel and pinion

• **Discrimination of the installing height of the hands**

Cal. 6M26A watches have numerals printed on the dial and movement to indicate the installing heights of hands. When repairing, refer to the table below.

Discrimination	Height	Standard type	Long type
	Numeral for discrimination	2	3
Printed on		Dial	Movement
Printed position		Ex.) Long type  The numeral is printed at the right end.	Ex.) Long type  The numeral is printed below the calibre number.

* The installing heights of the hands can be known from the shape of the following parts. Refer to the table below.

Numeral for discrimination	Center wheel and pinion	Fourth wheel and pinion	Hour wheel
2	 221 154	 241 154	 271 438
3	 221 155	 241 155	 271 439

PARTS CATALOGUE

Cal. 6M26A

- ③ Mode indicator wheel
 1021 302 : Red figure on gold background
 1021 303 : Gold figure on gray background
 1021 310 : White figure on black background

⑭ Date dial

Part code	Position of crown and calendar	Color of figure	Color of background
801 457	3 o'clock	Black	Gold
801 458		Gold	Black

The type of date dial is determined based on the design of cases.
 Check the case number and refer to "SEIKO CASING PARTS CATALOGUE" to choose a corresponding date dial.

⑮ Winding stem 351 168

The type of winding stem is determined based on the design of cases.
 Check the case number and refer to "SEIKO CASING PARTS CATALOGUE" to choose a corresponding winding stem.

⑳ Switch spring

- 4245 453 : Use with the movement having the discrimination numeral "2".
- 4245 454 : Use with the movement having the discrimination numeral "3".

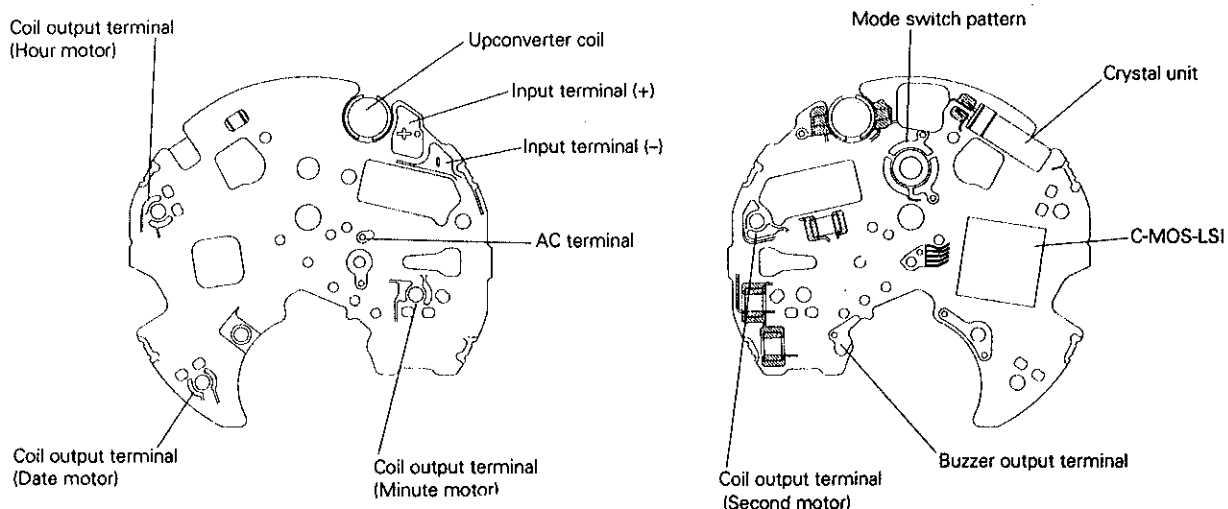
- Piezoelectric element
 4589 650

TECHNICAL GUIDE

Cal. 6M26A

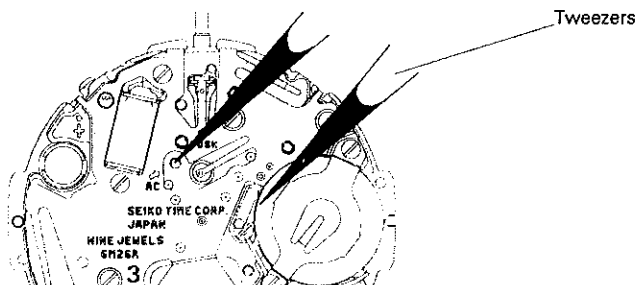
- The explanation here is only for the particular points of Cal. 6M26A.
- For the repairing, checking and measuring procedures, refer to the "TECHNICAL GUIDE, GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS".

I. STRUCTURE OF THE CIRCUIT BLOCK



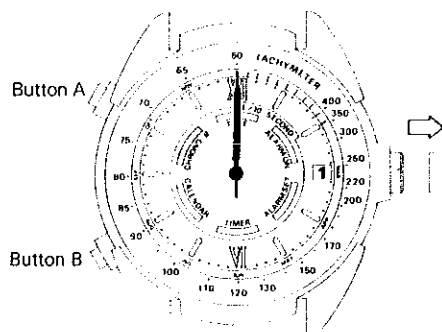
II. REMARKS ON INSTALLING THE BATTERY

- After the battery is replaced with a new one, or after the battery is re-installed following the repairing procedures, be sure to short-circuit the AC terminal of the circuit block and the battery connection (+) with conductive tweezers to reset the circuit as shown in the illustration below.
(When checking the current consumption, short-circuit with the power supplied from external source.)

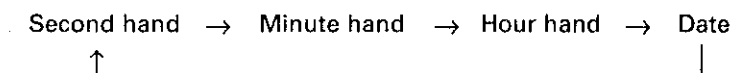


- To reset the circuit of the complete watch, follow the procedure below.

- (1) Turn the crown to set the mode indicator to "CHRONO. Ø".
- (2) Pull out the crown.
- (3) Keep buttons "A" and "B" pressed at the same time for approximately 2 seconds. When the buttons are released, a beep sounds and the hour and minute hands start moving counterclockwise and clockwise, respectively. The second hand moves back and forth.



- (4) Press button "A" or "B" once to stop the hands.
- (5) Press button "A" to select the hand or date to be adjusted in the following order.



* The hand selected to be adjusted will move back and forth and return where it was. The date will advance one day and return to the current date if selected.

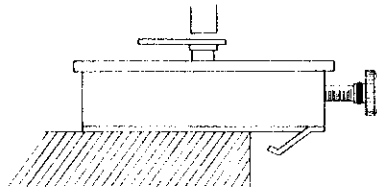
- (6) Press button "B" to reset the selected hand to the 12 o'clock position and set the date to "1".
* The hands and date move quickly if the button "B" is kept pressed.
- (7) Push the crown back in to the normal position.
- (8) After all the adjustments for resetting the circuit are completed, turn the crown to set the mode indicator to "TIME" or "ALARM ON" to set the desired time, turn it to "ALARM SET" to set the alarm, and turn it to "CALENDAR" to set the desired month and date.

III. REMARKS ON DISASSEMBLING AND REASSEMBLING

Use the universal movement holder for disassembling and reassembling.

① Hands

Since a plastic main plate is used, place the movement on a flat metal plate or the like, and then install the hands at the 12 o'clock position.



② Dial

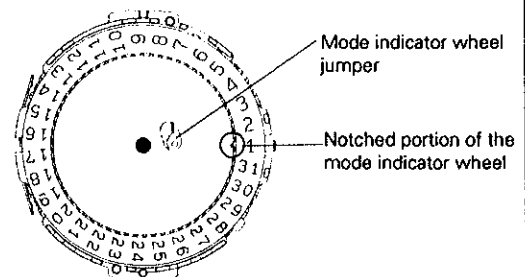
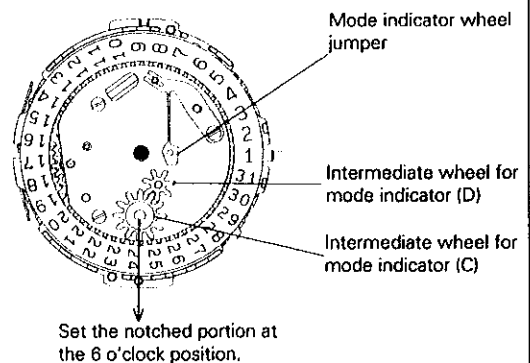
Pry up the dial at the two recessed parts indicated in the illustration using a screwdriver.



③ Mode indicator wheel

• How to install

- (1) Turn the crown to set the notched portion of the intermediate wheel for mode indicator (C) at the 6 o'clock position.
- (2) Set the notched portion of the mode indicator wheel at the 3 o'clock position.
- (3) Set the mode indicator wheel while moving aside the end portion of the mode indicator wheel jumper by inserting the tip of tweezers or the like from the window hole of the mode indicator wheel.
- (4) After installing the mode indicator wheel, check that its notched portion is at the 3 o'clock position.



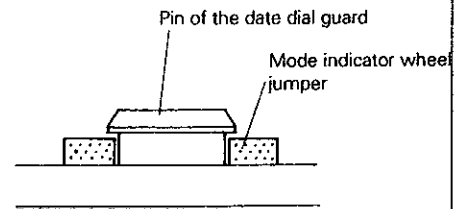
⑤ Mode indicator wheel jumper

Disassemble the mode indicator wheel jumper from the date dial guard only when necessary.

• How to remove

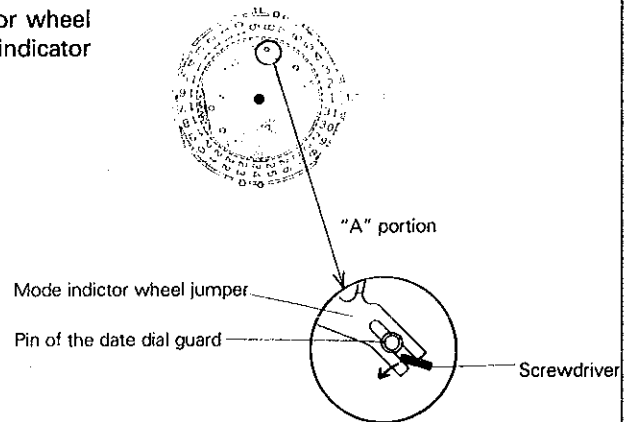
"A" portion of the mode indicator wheel jumper is held down with the pin of the date dial guard.

Pry up the "A" portion of the mode indicator wheel jumper with a tip of a screwdriver as shown in the illustration, and release one side of the jumper first and then the other.



• How to install

Lightly press down the "A" portion of the mode indicator wheel jumper with tweezers to set it under the pin of the mode indicator wheel jumper.

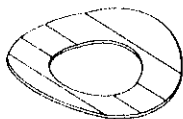


⑩ Dial washer

⑤① Center wheel friction spring

• How to distinguish the two parts

[Dial washer]



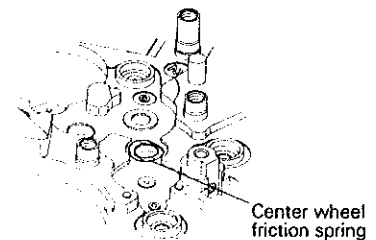
• With the larger diameter

[Center wheel friction spring]



• With the smaller diameter

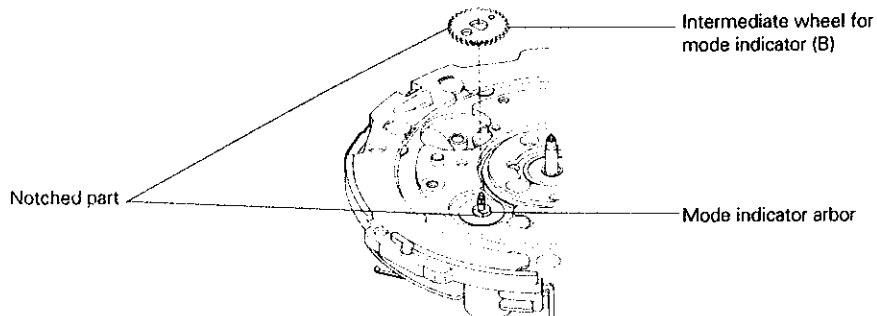
• Setting position



⑬ Intermediate wheel for mode indicator (B)

• **How to install**

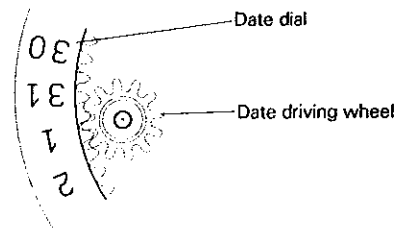
Set the intermediate wheel for mode indicator (B) to the mode indicator arbor so that it fits in with the notched part of the mode indicator arbor.



⑭ Date dial

• **How to install**

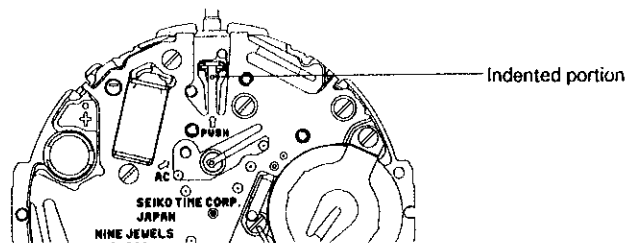
Since a plastic date dial is used, make sure that the teeth of the date dial and the date driving wheel securely mesh with each other.



⑯ Winding stem

• **How to remove**

Remove the winding stem while pushing the indented portion of the switch spring (marked with "↑ PUSH").

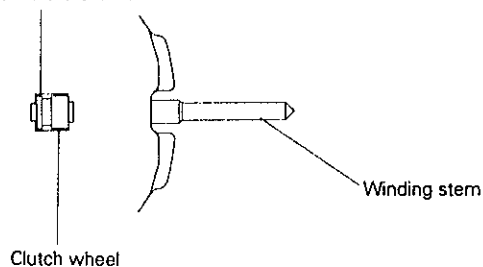


⑰ Clutch wheel

• **How to install**

Be sure to install the clutch wheel in the direction as shown in the illustration.

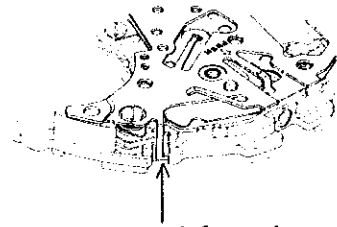
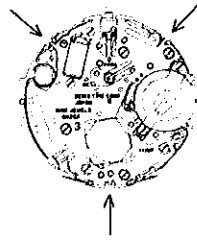
Face the thinner teeth of the clutch wheel toward the center of the movement.



22 Switch spring

• How to install

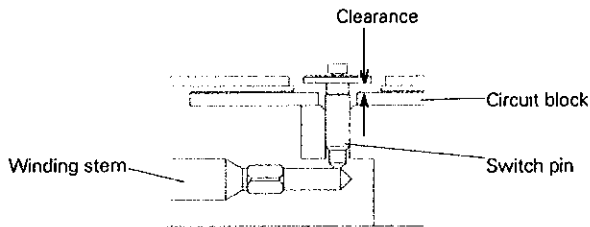
Set the three hooking portions of the switch spring to the main plate.



Take care not to deform the switch spring when disassembling or reassembling it.

23 Switch pin

Check that proper clearance is provided between the switch pin and circuit block.



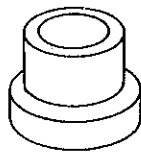
Crown at the normal position : Clearance provided.
Crown at the first click: No clearance provided.

25 Coil block spacer

• How to install

Take care not to install up side down.

Switch spring side

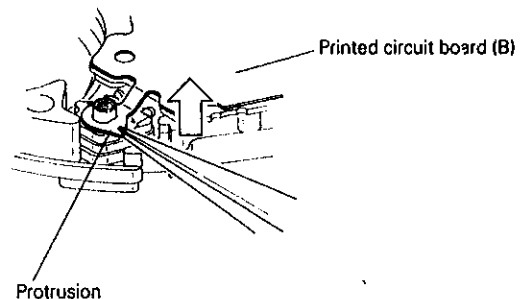


Main plate side

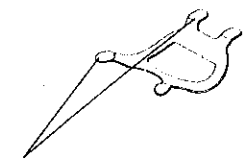
26 Printed circuit board (B)

• How to remove

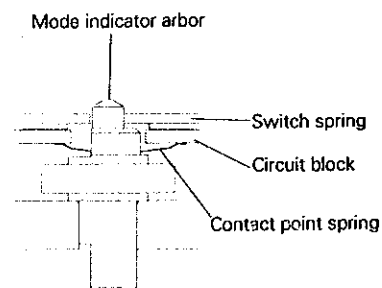
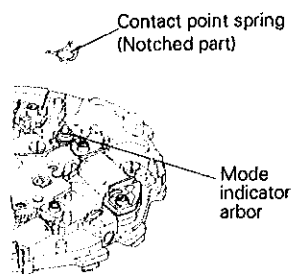
Catch the protrusion of the printed circuit board and pull it up to remove.



②⑧ Contact point spring
• Setting position



Check if the contacting portion with the circuit block is deformed.

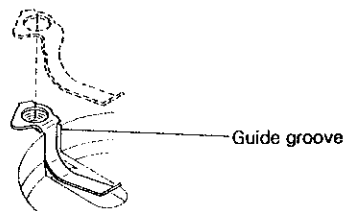


Set the contact point spring to the mode indicator arbor so that it fits in with the notched part of the mode indicator arbor.

③⑩ Battery connection (-)

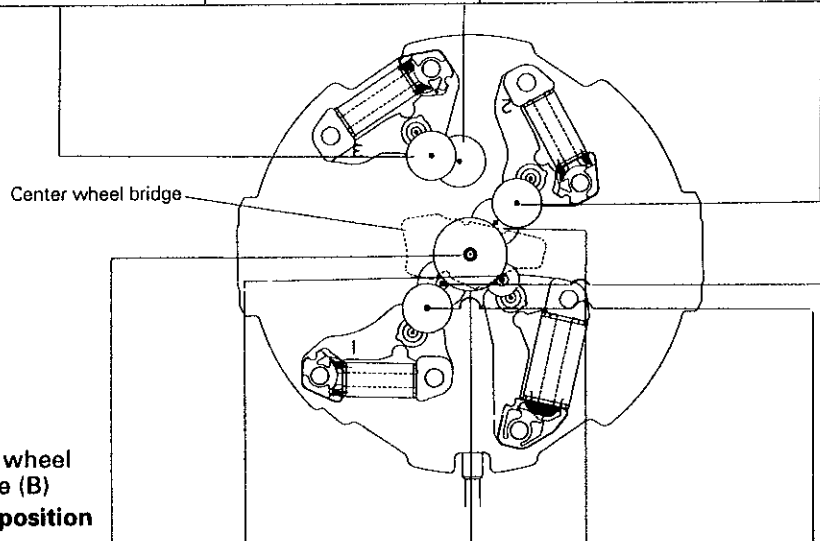
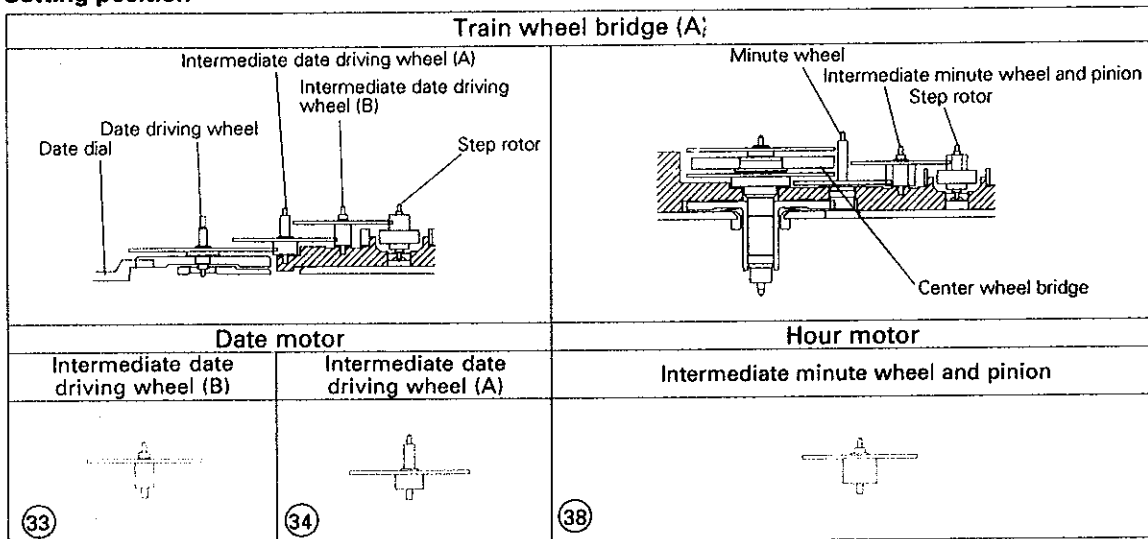
• How to install

Set the battery connection (-) along the guide groove of the main plate.



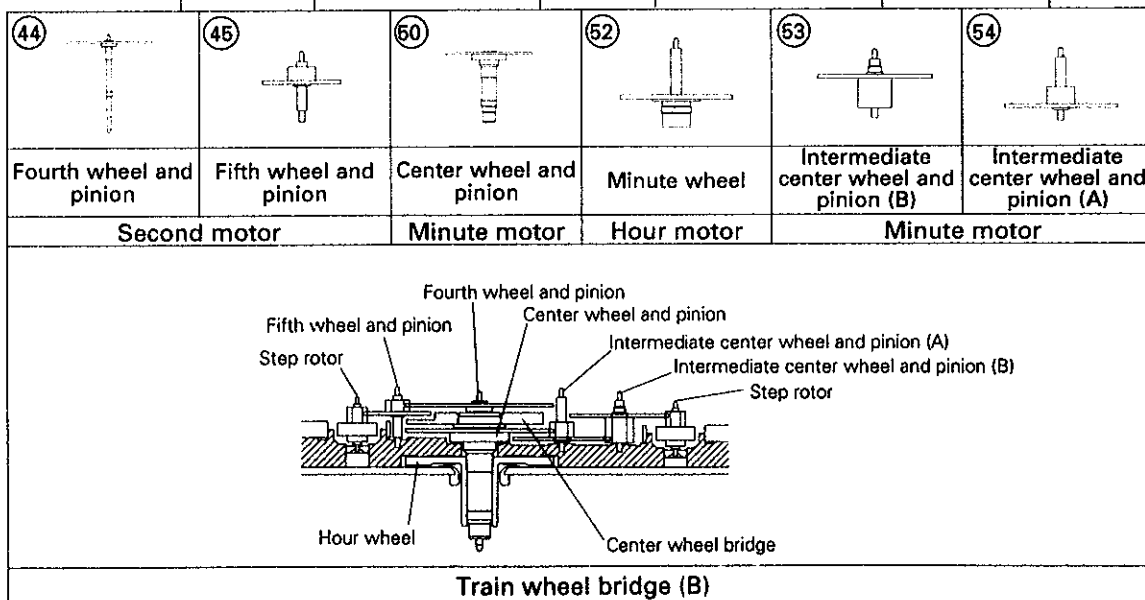
32 Train wheel bridge (A)

• Setting position






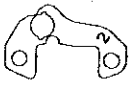




43 Train wheel bridge (B)

• Setting position



* For the distinction of parts of respective motors, see the next page.

• Distinction of motors

Distinction Part name	Second motor	Minute motor	Hour motor	Date motor
Step rotor				
Rotor stator	 No mark	 Marked with "1"	 Marked with "2"	 Marked with "3"
Coil block	 Mold agent: Blue Larger diameter	 Mold agent: Green Standard diameter		 Mold agent: Red Smaller diameter

⑤ Mode indicator jumper

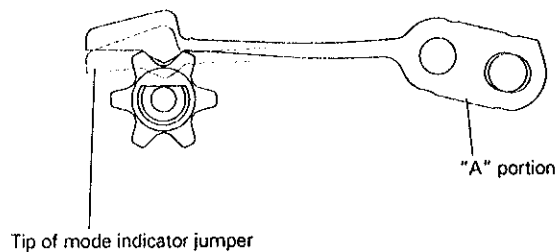
Take care not to deform the mode indicator jumper when disassembling or reassembling it, as extremely high pressure is applied to it.

• How to remove

Release the tip of the mode indicator jumper from the mode indicator arbor, and then lift up "A" portion in the illustration.

• How to install

Reverse the procedures for disassembling.



IV. VALUE CHECKING

• Coil block resistance

Coil block for second motor	:	1.5K Ω ~ 1.9K Ω
Coil block for minute and hour motors:	:	1.2K Ω ~ 1.6K Ω
Coil block for date motor	:	0.8K Ω ~ 1.2K Ω

• Upconverter coil resistance

120 Ω ~ 180 Ω

• Measuring time accuracy

- [1] Turn the crown to set the mode indicator to "CHRONO. \emptyset ".
* When the stopwatch is counting, press button "A" to stop the measurement and then press button "B" to reset the hands.
- [2] Set the gate of the quartz tester to "10" and then put the watch on the microphone.

Note:

To measure the time accuracy, be sure to set the watch in the "CHRONO. \emptyset " mode and check that the stopwatch has been reset. A small amount of output signal is constantly generated for the measurement use. If the measurement is made in the "TIME" mode with the hands moving, no stable measurement can be obtained.

• Current consumption

For the whole of the movement	:	less than 3.0 μ A
For the circuit block alone	:	less than 0.8 μ A

- [1] Tighten the two battery clamp screw, and install the mode indicator wheel, dial and hands.
- [2] Turn the crown to set the mode indicator to "TIME", and supply the power from the external source.
- [3] Short-circuit the AC terminal of the circuit block and the battery connection (+) to reset the circuit.
- [4] Press button "A" or "B" to set the hands moving, and then measure the current consumption.

Note:

The motors move the hands and date calendar at the following intervals.

- Second motor: 1-second intervals
- Minute motor : 10-seconds intervals
- Hour motor : 2-minutes intervals
- Date motor : 24-hours intervals

Calculate the current consumption following the formula below.

$$\text{Current consumption of second motor} + \frac{\text{Current consumption of minute motor} - \text{Current consumption of second motor}}{10^*} = \text{Current consumption of movement}$$

(Ex.)

$$1.5 (\mu\text{A}) + \frac{2.5 (\mu\text{A}) - 1.5 (\mu\text{A})}{10} = 1.6 (\mu\text{A})$$

* The value of the numerator represents the current consumption of the minute motor, which moves at 10-second intervals. To obtain the current consumption to a second, it should be divided by "10".

Note:

To obtain the current consumption of the movement, it is necessary to add up the measured values of all the motors by converting them to the values to a second. However, the hour and minute motors' current consumption to a second is so small that it will not affect the aggregate of the current consumption. Therefore, it is safely assumed that the above formula represents the current consumption of the movement.